TECHNICAL GUIDE

CAL. Y765A

DIGITAL QUARTZ

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FOREWARD

SYSTEM RESET WHEN REPLACING BATTERY

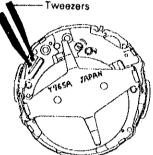
Because of the characteristics of the IC used in Cal. Y765, the following procedures are required when the battery is replaced. When replacing the battery, always proceed as follows.

Loading battery/installing module

When the battery is replaced, the liquid crystal panel shows abnormal indications or no indication. When replacing the battery, carry out the system reset as follows.

< Procedure >

After installing the battery, short-circuit the printed circuit patterns $\binom{1}{n}$ and $\binom{n}{n}$) shown in the right figure with tweezers (conductive) and depress one of A. B and C buttons. With the above two procedures, the system reset is performed. (Always carry out the procedures in the specified order.)



|Measuring current consumption|

To measure the current consumption, the system reset should be carried out. For details, refer to "Checking and adjustment" on page 11.

The mark seal indicating the above procedures is stuck onto the case back.

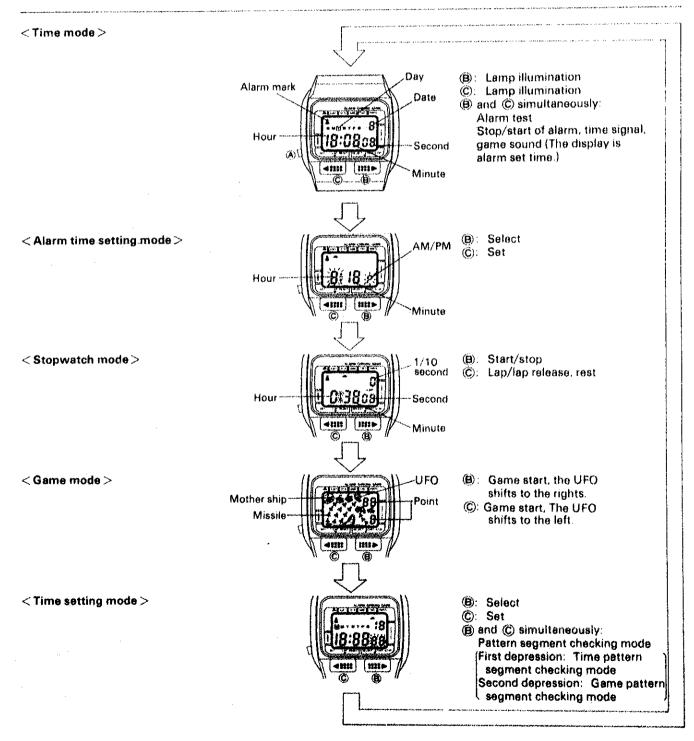
CAUTION
After replacing the battery, short-circuit two patterns
(and r)
and depress the button.

I. SPECIFICATIONS

Cal. No	Y765A
Display medium	Nematic Liquid Crystal, FEM (Field Effect Mode)
Display system	 Time display Alarm display Stopwatch display Game display (invader game and football game) Time setting function
Additional mechanism	 Pattern segment checking system Illuminating light System reset function Alarm test system
Loss/gain	Loss/gain at normal termpeature range. Monthly rate: Less than 15 seconds
Casing diameter	φ28.1 mm
Height	5.8 mm
Liquid crystal panel drive system	Multiplex driving
Regulation system	Trimmer condenser
Measuring gate	Any gate is available

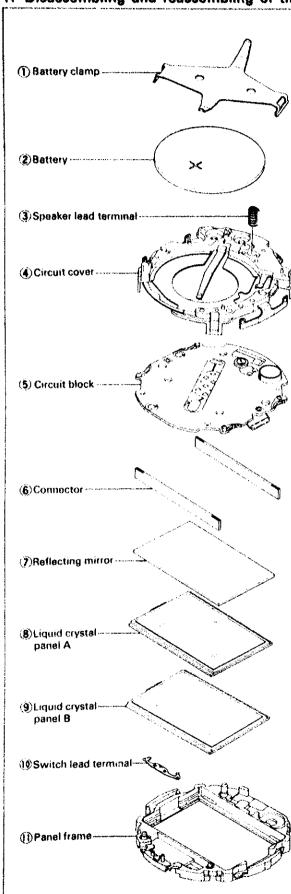
Item	Cal. No.	Y765A
		Lithium battery: Matsushita BR2016 Maxell CR2016
Battery		Voltage: 3.0V
		Life: Approx. 3 years

II. DISPLAY FUNCTION



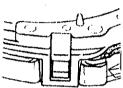
III. DISASSEMBLING, REASSEMBLING AND LUBRICATING

1. Disassembling and reassembling of the module



NOTE:

As shown in the illustration below, the panel frame and circuit cover are engaged with the plastic parts. When disassembling or reassembling, take care not to apply excessive force with tweezers. (Lightly pry out the green hook of the circuit cover with tweezers.)



NOTE:

Two connectors, A and B, are supplied. Put in position the longer one on 6H side.

NOTE:

Two liquid crystal panels A and B are used. The liquid crystal panel A is time segment and B is game segment.

When installing the panels, pay attention to their orders

NOTE:

Identification of 6H and 12H direction When the panel frame is viewed from the direction in which the circuit block is inserted, the side in which the circular hole is provided is 12H side and the side in which the square hole is provided is 6H side. Install the panel frame in the correct direction.

2. Disassembling, reassembling and lubricating of the case

A new construction of the front button is employed in Cal. Y765. A button return gasket is used in the front button to ensure button return and stable operation.

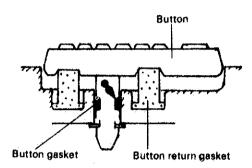
The front button is retained with button fixing ring or only by pressing down button from outside without using the button fixing ring.

(The constructions of the case back, side button and glass are the same as those employed in the former digital watch.)

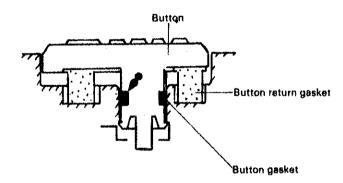
[Cross-sectional view of the front button retained with button retaining ring]

Lubricant

Silicone grease (500,000 c.s.)



[Cross-sectional view of the front button using the button pressing down system]

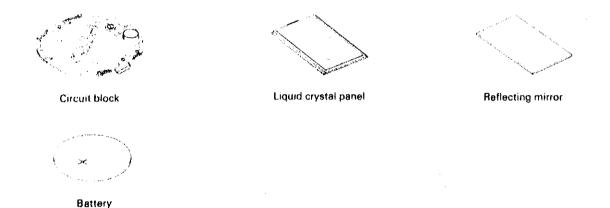


NOTE: In the normal servicing, it is not necessary to remove the buttons.

3. Cleaning

Name of parts	Cleaning	Drying	Solution	Remarks
Connector	Rinse or wash with a soft brush	Warm air	Alcohol	 Clean the contacting portion between the connector and liquid crystal panel and circuit block. Never use benzene, or trichloroethylene as these will dissolve the parts. Do not set the connector until it is completely dry.
Plastic parts Panel frame Circuit cover	Rinse or wash with a soft brush.	Warm air	Alcohol or benzene	
Metal parts • Battery clamp	Rinse or wash with a cleaner or wash with a soft brush.	Warm or hot air	Alcohol, benzene or trichloroethylene	

* Parts that must not be cleaned.



- Only the conductive portions should be wiped with a cloth moistened with benzene and dried with warm air.
- Remove dust and lint with a brush.
- Be careful not to scratch the front surface of the reflecting mirror.

IV. RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE SEGMENTS (LIQUID CRYSTAL PANEL ELECTRODES) AND C-MOS-LSI OUTPUT TERMINALS

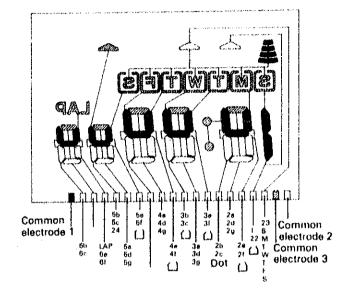
NOTE:

- Two different games are available in Cal Y765A.
 One is an invader game and the other is a football game.
 The component parts which are used in the two different game watches are the same except for game liquid crystal panel. Please note that the output segments of the game liquid crystal panels slightly differ.
- Designation of segments

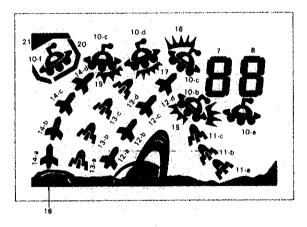
<Time>



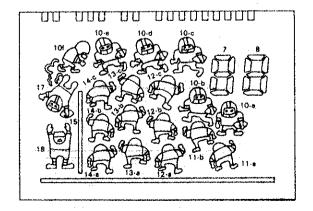
• Segment electrodes

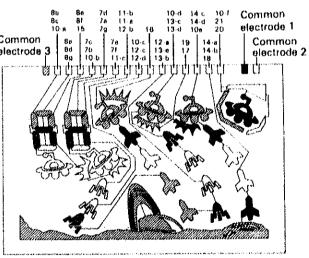


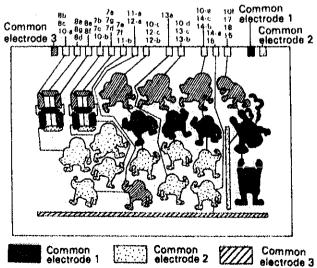
<Invader game >



< Footbal game >

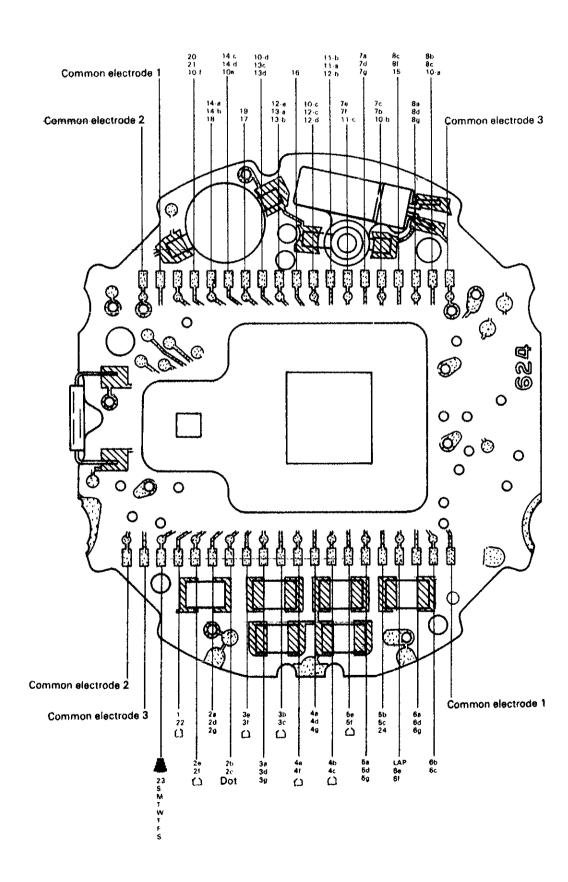






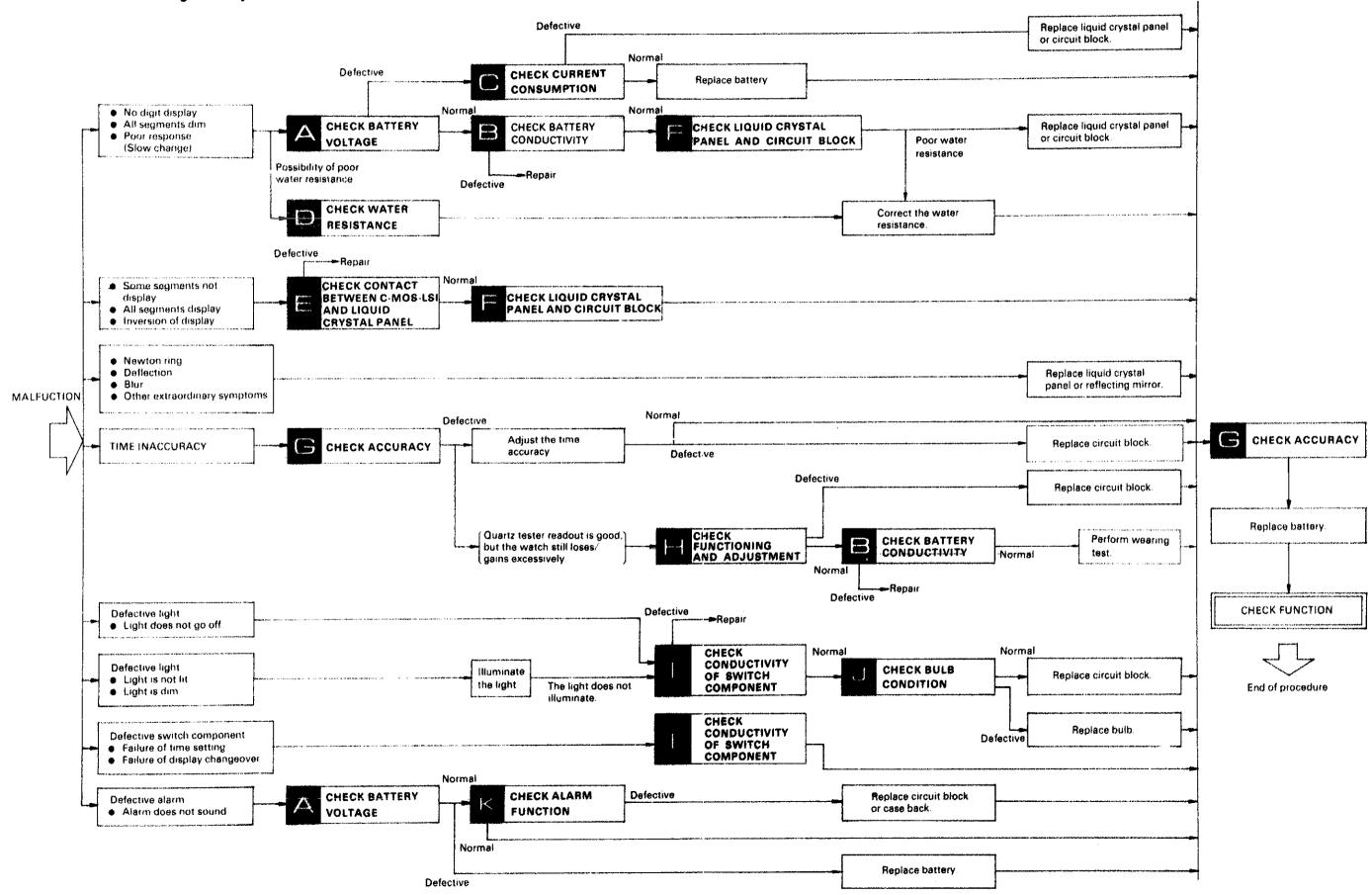
.

• C-MOS-LSI output terminal

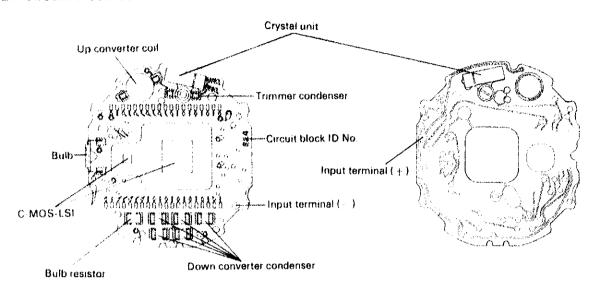


V. CHECKING AND ADJUSTMENT

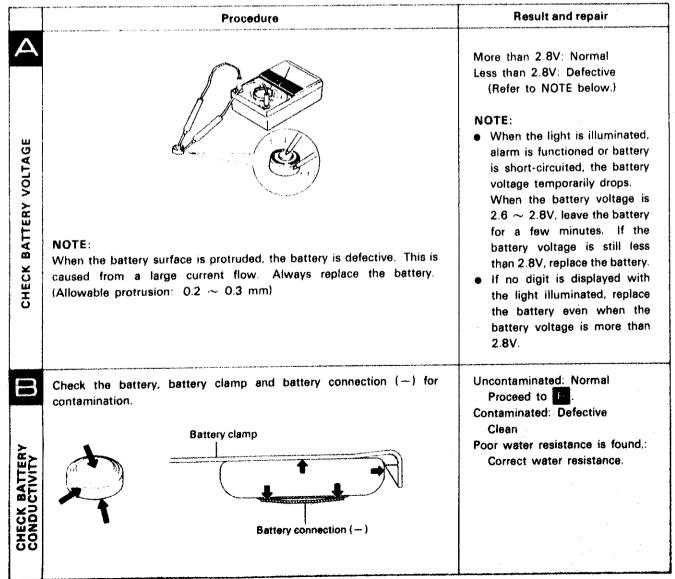
1. Guide table for checking and adjustment



2. Circuit block schematic



3. Procedure for checking and adjustment





Result and repair

Less than 3.0uA: Normal More than 3.0µA: Defective

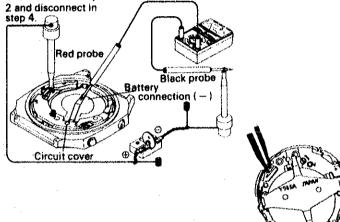
Proceed to (2).

(1) Total current consumption of module

Short-circuit in step

- Measure the current consumption as shown below.
- Step 1. Connect the power supply and Volt-ohm-mater as illustrated below.
- Step 2. Short-circuit the (+) and (-) terminals of the Volt-ohm-meter.
- Step 3. Short-circuit the circuit block patters () with tweezers and depress one of A, B and C buttons.
- Step 4. Disconnect the (+) and (-) terminals of the Volt-ohm-meter.

The current consumption of the module is now measured.



(2) Current consumption of circuit block

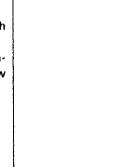
• Measure the current consumption of circuit block in the same manner in measuring current consumption of module.

Step 1. Connect the power supply and Volt-ohm-meter as illustrated below.

Step 2. Short-circuit the (+) and (-) terminals of the Volt-ohm-

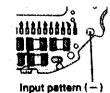
Step 3. Short-circuit the circuit block pattern () with tweezers and depress one of A, B and C buttons.

Step 4. Disconnect the (+) and (-) terminals of the Volt-ohmmeter. The current consumption of the circuit block is now measured.



Short-circuit in step 2 and disconnect Input pattern (+) Black probe

* The input pattern (-) is placed in the top surface of the circuit block. When clamping with the alligator clip, take care not to make the clip into contact with the switch pattern at the bot-



Less than 2.0µA: Normal More than 2.0µA: Defective Replace the circuit block.

11

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CONSUMPTION

CURRENT

CHECK

Procedure	Result and repair
Check for moisture in the watch. ① Place the watch on a hot plate and heat it for 15 minutes.	Does not collect moisture: Normal Proceed to Collects moisture: Defective Correct the water resistance. Refer to the Watch Case Servicing Guide.
Check that the glass does not collect moisture. Check for dust, lint and contamination on the liquid crystal pelectrodes and connectors and also for flaws, cracks and defect	s on
the liquid crystal panels and connectors.	Proceed to
SOURCE CONTROL OF STREET O	
 Check that the liquid crystal panels and circuit block function cor- ly. Refer to "Relationship between the segments (liquid crystal panels). 	
electrodes) and C-MOS-LSI output terminals on page 7." (1) Checking the liquid crystal panels. ① Set up the Volt-ohm-meter. Range to be used: OHMS R × 1 — R × 1k NOTE: Any range will do if more than 3V is applied to the terminals of the Volt-ohm-meter. In some Volt-ohm-meter, a voltage of more than 3V cannot be applied to the terminal. In this case, all segmentare not displayed. Use a higher resistance range (R × 10k).	ne an
 Remove the liquid crystal panels from the module and turn to the reverse sides. Check that the corresponding segment is displayed. 	them
NOTE: Either red or bl. probe will do.	Displayed: Normal Proceed to (2). Not displayed: Defective Replace the defective liquid crystal panel.

	Procedure	Result and repair
*	(2) Checking the circuit block output ① Set up the volt-ohm-meter. Range to be used: DC3V ② Set up the circuit block. 1) Disassemble the module and remove the circuit block.	
CHECK LIQUID CRYSTAL PANEL AND CIRCUIT BLOCK	(3) Connect the power supply and Volt-ohm-meter as illustrated below and carry out the system reset as described in "C. CHECK CURRENT CONSUMPTION" on page 11 before checking. Red probe (3) Checking Red probe: Circuit block (+) terminal Black probe: C-MOS-LSI output terminal (If a segment is defective, connect the black probe to the corresponding electrode.)	More than 0.8V: Normal (The voltage at all terminals should be more than 0.8V.) Return to Less than 0.8V: Defective Replace the circuit block.
CHECK ACCURACY	 (1) Set the watch to the pattern segment mode. (Either pattern segment mode of two panels will do.) (2) Any measuring gate can be used. (3) Adjust the level. (4) Measure the accuracy. 	Does not lose/gain: Normal Loses/gains: Defective Adjust with the trimmer condenser. If the time accuracy cannot be adjusted with the trimmer condenser, replace the circuit block.
CHECK FUNCTIONING AND ADJUSTMENT	Check the functioning and adjustment referring to "Display function" on page 3. ① Check that the time mode and calendar mode are changed correctly. ② Carry out the alarm test and check that the alarm sounds and alarm mark is displayed correctly. ③ Check the functioning for each digit in the time and calendar modes and confirm that the digit is advanced correctly.	Functions correctly and can be adjusted: Normal Wear the watch on the wrist to check time accuracy. Does not function correctly and cannot be adjusted: Defective Replace the circuit block
CHECK CONDUCTIVITY OF SWITCH COMPONENT	Confirm that the switch spring comes into contact with the circuit block. Switch component of circuit cover Check all four switch components. Check for dust, lint and other contamination of the connecting portions.	Functions correctly: Normal Do not function correctly: Defective Correct the switch spring with tweezers, or replace the circuit cover. Uncontaminated: Normal Contaminated: Defective Wipe off any foreign matter.

	Procedure	Result and repair
CHECK BULB CONDITION	Check that the filament is not broken. ① Set up the Volt-ohm-meter. Range to be used: OHMS R × 1 ② Cheking Apply two probes of the Volt-ohm-meter to the bulb leads as shown in the illustration NOTE: Either red or black probes will do.	Bulb lights up: Normal Bulb does not light up: Defective Replace the bulb.
<	(1) Check the contacting portion of the piezo electric element on the case back and speaker lead terminal for contamination and check the speaker lead terminal for deformation. Piezo electric element	Uncontaminated: Normal Contaminated: Defective Wipe off any foreign matter. Deformed: Defective Correct with tweezers.
IM FUNCTION	NOTE: The distance between the circuit cover and top of speaker lead terminal should be more than 1.0 mm. Measure the distance with the speaker lead terminal fully inserted. Circuit cover	
CHECK ALARM	a short-circuit and a broken wire. Range to be used: OHMS R × 1 Checking Attach the probes to the booster coil terminals. Either red or black probe will do. Circuit block Up converter coil Crystal unit	$50\Omega - 90\Omega$: Normal Less than 50Ω : Defective (Short-circuit) More than 90Ω : Defective (Broken wire) Replace the circuit block.
EPAIR	 Remove the module from the case. Disassemble the module. Wipe off any electrolyte from the circuit block. Wipe off the electrolyte with cloth moistened with alcohol. (Pay portion.) Dry with warm air by using a dryer. 	particular attention to the connecting
E AND RE	NOTE: If the electrolyte leakage is excessive, replace the circuit block. Use a lint-free cloth.	
ELECTROLYTE LEAKAGE AND R	(4) Clean other parts (circuit cover, panel frame) which have become (1) Wipe off battery electrolyte on the other parts with a soft brush (2) Dry with warm air by using a dryer. NOTE: If a part is damaged, replace it with a new one.	contaminated with the electrolyte. moistened with alcohol.
ELECT	(5) Reassemble the module. Replace the battery with a new one. (6) Check function and current consumption.	

PARTS LIST

CAL Y765A

.*	Cal. Y765A			
PART NO.	PART NAME			
4001 624	Circuit block			
4225 627	Battery clamp			
4246 624	Switch lead terminal			
4246 795	Buzzer lead terminal			
4313 624	Connector B			
4313 795	Connector A			
4398 624	Liquid crystal panel frame			
4410 785	Circuit cover			
*4510 745	Liquid crystal panel A			
*4510 765	Liquid crystal panel B			
★4510 757	Liquid crystal panel B			
4521 840	Reflecting mirror			
4530 230	Bulb			
MAXELL CR2016 MATSUSHITA BR2016	} Lithium battery			

Remarks:

* Liquid crystal panel

4510 745 (Silver) Be sure that combination between the color of panel 4510 755 (Silver) cover and liquid crystal panel should be matched ac-4510 757 (Gold) cording to the "Casing Parts List".