TECHNICAL GUIDE

AND

PARTS LIST

CAL. Y760A

DIGITAL QUARTZ

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I. GENERAL

As Cal. No. Y760 uses the module of Y75 series, (not exactly identical), the checking and adjustment procedures are nearly same as those for Y75 series. Described below are the checking and adjustment procedures which are exclusive for Y760.

Major differences between Y760 and Y75 series

(For details, refer to the Manual)

- 1. As a trimmer condenser is employed, regulation adjustment is possible.
- When the battery is loaded, the liquid crystal panel sometimes does not function correctly.

 After loading the battery, follow the specified procedures.

 (For details, refer to this page and page 5 of the Manuel.)
- 3 for measuring the module current consumption, follow the specified procedures. (For details, refer to this page and page 10 and 11 of the Manual.)
- 4. Different from the Y75 series, the up-converter coil and crystal unit are placed in the 12 o'clock position. The Y760 is basically identical to Y75 series watch except for the items above.

CHECKING AND ADJUSTMENT WHEN THE BATTERY IS INSERTED

Because of the characteristics of the set IC, the Y760 requires the following adjustment when the battery is loaded.

NOTE:

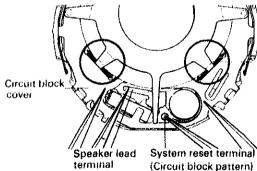
When the battery is loaded, the Y760 is liable to enter the alarm mode. At that time, the liquid crystal panel shows wrong
or no display and in the circuit block alarm signal outputs of 3mA.
 If the following procedure is not performed, the battery immediately runs down and the liquid crystal panel shows no
display. When the battery is loaded, always proceed as follows.

MODULE SETTING WHEN THE BATTERY IS LOADED

 When the battery is loaded, the liquid crystal panel shows the wrong or no display. Just after loading the battery, perform either of the below procedures.

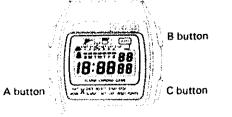
(Procedure 1)

After inserting battery, short-circuit the speaker lead terminal and circuit block cover \oplus , then system reset terminal and circuit block cover.



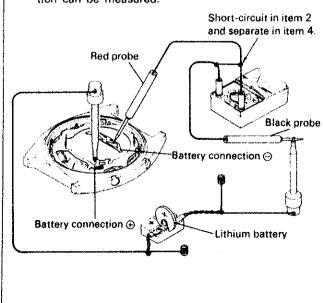
(Procedure 2)

Just after inserting the battery, close the case back as shown in the below figure and depress the A. B and C buttons at the same time for 1 \sim 2 seconds: (This will function the system reset.)



CURRENT CONSUMPTION MEASUREMENT

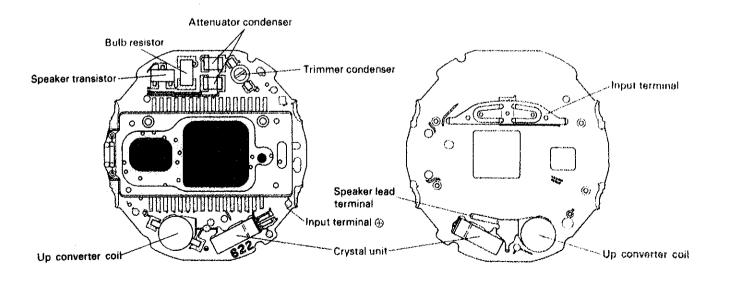
- The current consumption measurement of the circuit block or module differs greatly from that of the Y75 series. Proceed as follows.
- 1. Connect the module as shown below.
- 2. Short-circuit the ⊕ and ⊝ leads of Volt-ohm-meter.
- 3. Short-circuit the speaker lead terminal and circuit block cover ①, then circuit block cover and system reset terminal.
- Separate the ⊕ and ⊕ leads which are shortcircuited in item 3 and the correct current consumption can be measured.



II. SPECIFICATIONS

Cal No.	Y760A
Display medium	Nematic Liquid Crystal. FEM (Field Effect Mode)
Liquid crystal panel drive system	Multiplex
Display system	 Time function Time and calendar adjusting function Alarm set function Stopwatch function Game 1 mode (Gunman game) Game 2 mode (Slot machine game)
Additional mechanism	Pattern segment checking system Illuminating light Time signal Sound demonstration function
Loss/gain	Loss/gain at normal temperature range: Less than 15 seconds per month.
	φ27.1 mm
***************************************	5.0 mm (Casing diameter)
Regulation system	Trimmer condenser
Measuring gate	Any gate
Battery life: Battery	Approx. 3 years Lithium battery: Maxell CR2016 or Matsushita BR2016 Voltage: 3V

III. CIRCUIT BLOCK SCHEMATIC



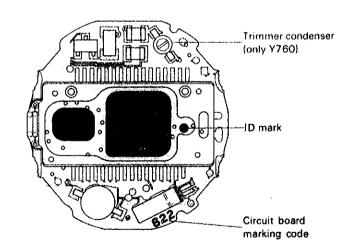
Circuit block identification

• Identify the circuit block with using both the ID mark and marking code on the circuit board. In Y760, a trimmer condenser, which is not used in Y75 or Y74 series watch, is used.

Cal.	2-chip/1-chip.	Color of ID mark	Main plate marking code	Alarm (Speaker lead terminal, booster coil, speaker transistor)
V740	2-chip	Black	632	No
Y740	1-chip	1	619	1
Y750	1-chip	Non	619	1
Y744	2-chip	Yellow	632	†
VIIAC	2-chip	Non	†	1
Y746	1-chip	Non	638	1
Y756	2-chip	White	632	1
V7.40	2-chip	Non	1	Yes
Y749	1-chip	Non	638	1
Y759	2-chip	White	632	<u> </u>
Y7580	1-chip	Non	618	↑
Y7581	1-chip	White	1	1
Y760	2-chip	Non	622	†

MAIJOR DIFFERENT POINTS

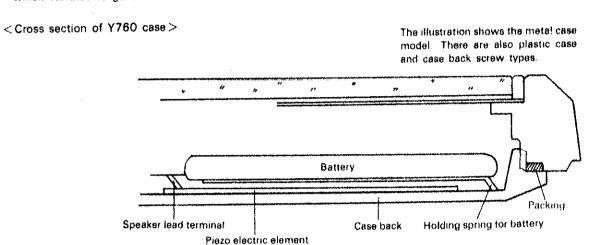
- (1) ID mark color
- (2) No of MOS IC chips
- (3) Main plate marking code
- (4) Alarm component parts
- (5) Trimmer condenser
- For these points, refer to the above table.



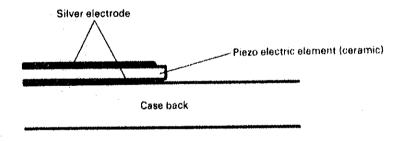
IV. PIEZO ELECTRIC SPEAKER

• The alarm of the Y760 is a piezo electric system using a piezo electric element which differs from an electromagnetic system.

When a voltage is applied to the piezo electric element on the case back, mechanical distortion occurs in the element, simirar to what occurs when a voltage is applied to the quartz oscillator. The distortion is transferred to the case back which vibrates to generate sound.



- The piezo electric element is ceramic. Electrodes are attached to both sides of the element which is fixed to the case back
- < Construction of piezo electric element >



NOTES ON HANDLING

If the piezo electric element is peeled off the case back or cracked, or if the booster coil wire is broken or if the speaker lead terminal is bent, speaker sound will be adversely affected. Be careful in handling during disassembly and reassembly. When cleaning the case back, do not scratch the piezo electric element. The supersonic cleaning will effect the piezo electric element bonding.

V. DISASSEMBLING, REASSEMBLING, LUBRICATING AND CLEANING

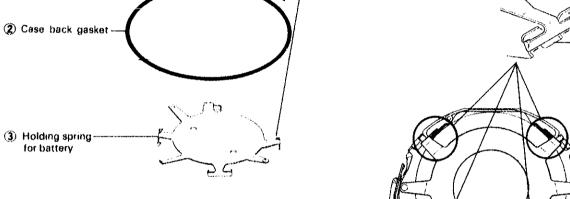
1. Disassembling, reassembling and lubricating of the case

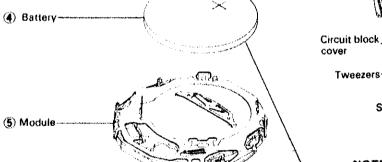
- Disassembling procedures: Figs. (1) → (6)
- Lubrication: Silicon grease (500,000 c.s.)
- Reassembling procedures: Figs. (6) → (1)

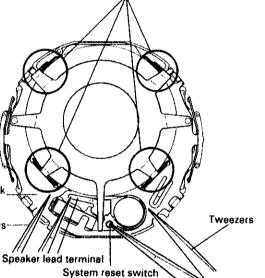
(1) Case back

-NOTES ON REASSEMBLING

- . The holding spring for battery has 4 claws at the 2-, 10-, 4- and 8-o'clock positions. Engage these claws with the circuit block cover.
- After installing the holding spring for battery. Short-circuit the speaker lead terminal and circuit block cover (i), then the system reset switch and circuit block cover. If this operation is not carried out, a lesser digit may appear.







Engage with

NOTES ON DISASSEMBLING AND REASSEMBLING

1. When the battery is removed from the module, always keep the

surface upward to prevent a short circuit. When installing the battery, take care not to bring the battery into contact with the circuit block cover.

Apply whole surface of the button packing.

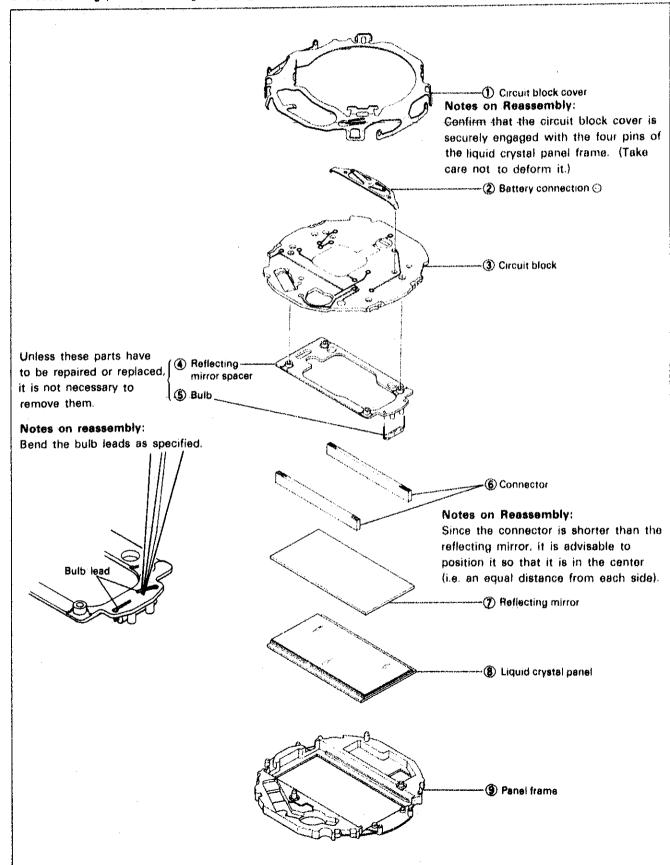
Take care not to deform the E-ring.

(Button clamp)

It is not necessary to remove buttons and button clamps unless they have to be repaired or replaced.

2. Disassembling, reassembling and lubrication of the module

- Disassembling procedures: Figs. ① → ⑨
- Reassembling procedures: Figs. ⑨ → ①



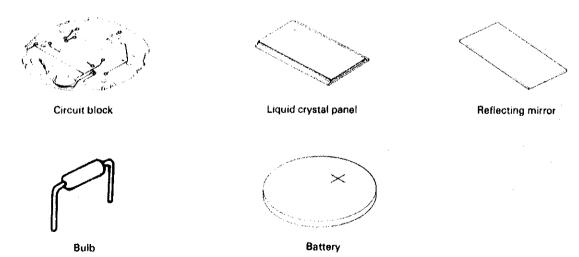
6 Middle

with bezel

3. Cleaning

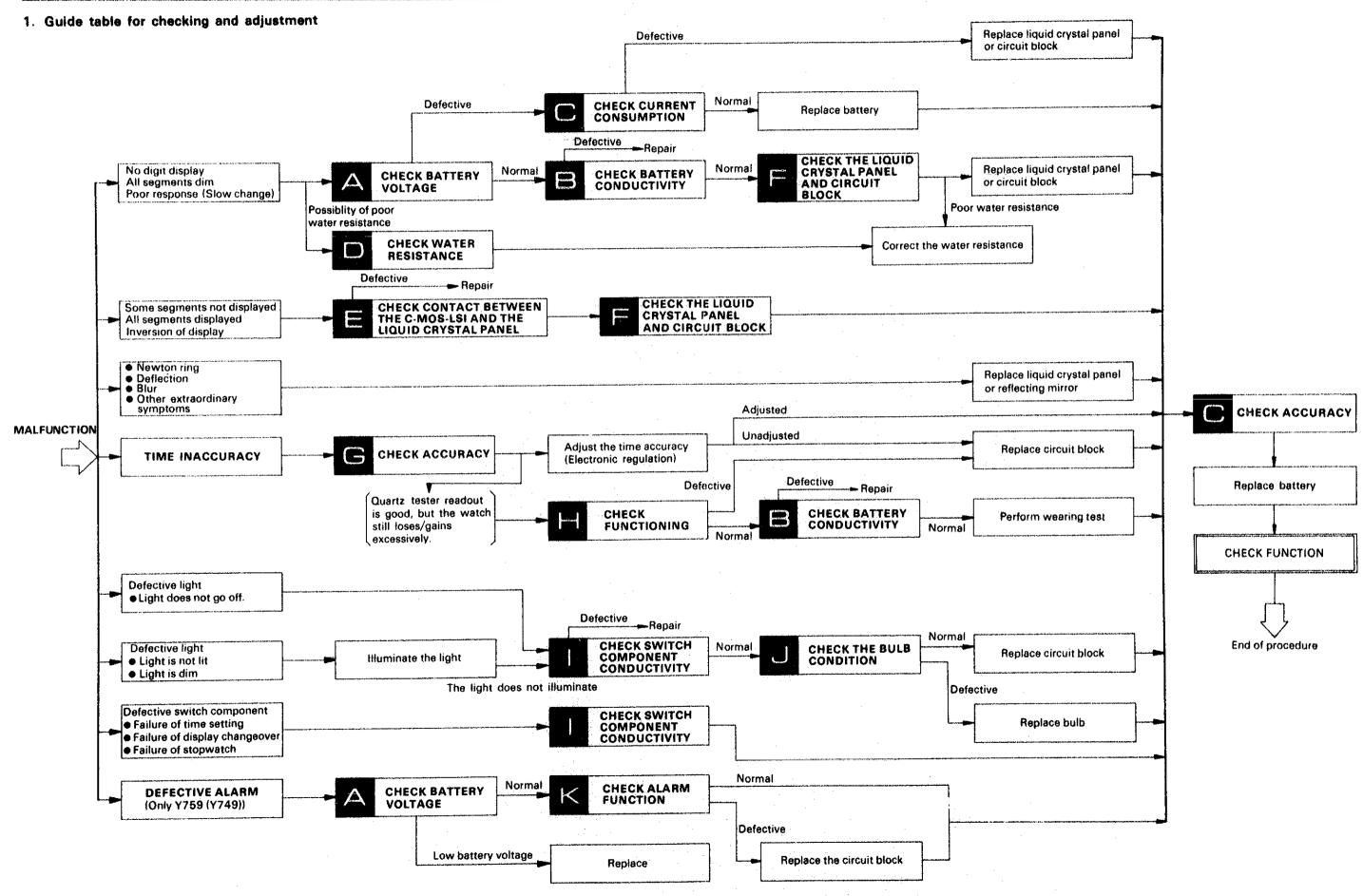
Name of parts	Cleaning	Drying	Solution	Remarks
Connector	Rinse or wash with a soft brush.	Warm air	Alcohol	 Clean the contacting portion between the connector and liquid crystal panel, and circuit block. Never use benzene or trichloroethylene as these will dissolve the parts. Do not set the connector until it is completely dry.
Plastic parts Panel frame Reflecting mirror spacer	Rinse or wash with a soft brush.	Warm air	Atcohol or benzene	
Metal parts ■ Holding spring for battery ■ Circuit block cover ■ Battery connection ⊙	Rinse or wash with a cleaner or wash with a soft brush.	Warm or hot air	Alcohol, benzene or trichloroethy- lene	

• Parts that must not be cleaned



- Only the conductive portions should be wiped with a cloth moistened with benzene and dried with warm air.
- Remove dust and lint with a brush.
- Be careful not to scratch the front surface of the reflecting mirror.

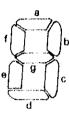
VI. CHECKING AND ADJUSTMENT

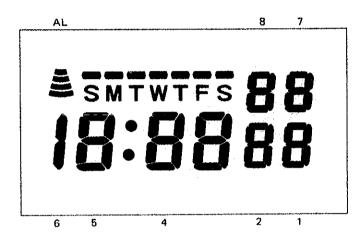


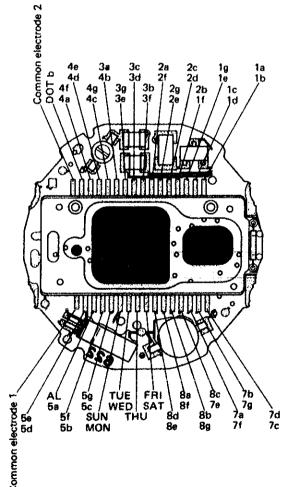
2. Relationship between the segments (liquid Crystal electrodes) and C-MOS-LSI output terminals

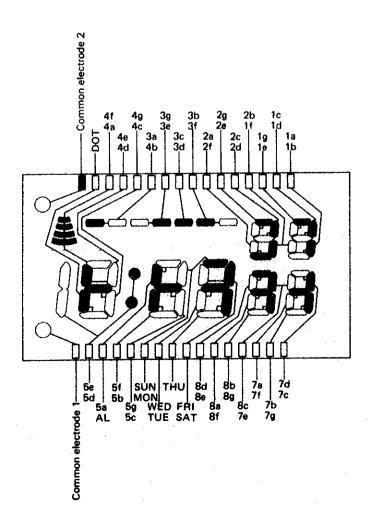
A complete knowledge of how the segments (Liquid Crystal Panel electrodes) connect with the C-MOS-LSI output terminal is necessary for proper checking and adjustment.

· Designation of segment

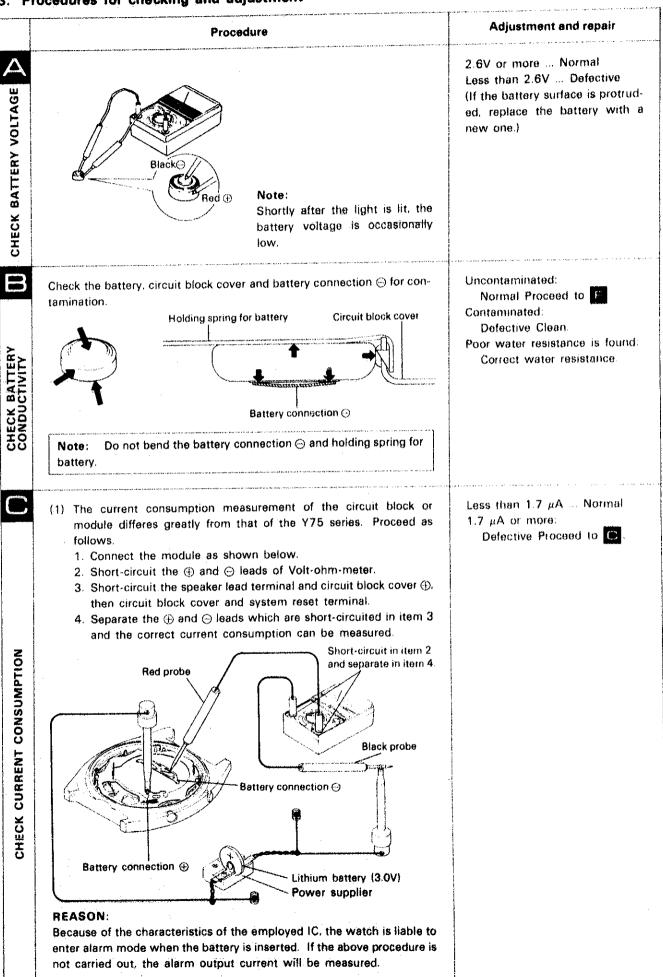








3. Procedures for checking and adjustment



Procedure

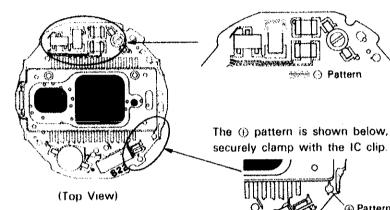
Adjustment and repair

(2) Check current consumption of circuit block Measure the current consumption of the circuit block in the same manner as that of the module. (Items 1 \sim 4). The \oplus and \ominus patterns required for checking are shown below.

Less than 1.5 μA: Normal Replace the liquid crystal pan-

Clamp the
pattern above the white bulb resistor and soldered part with the IC clip. (Shaded part in the illustration below).

1.5 µA or more ... Defective Replace the circuit block.

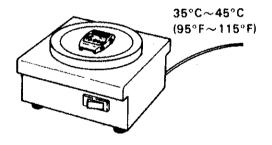


NOTE:

There are B switch pattern and \ominus pattern in the right and left sides of the (1) pattern respectively. Take care not to have the IC clip make contact with them.

Check for moisture in the watch.

1. Place the watch on a hot plate and heat it for 15 minutes.



Does not collect moisture: Normal

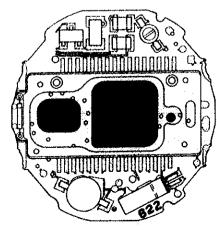
Proceed to A

Collects moisture ... Defective Correct water resistance.

2. Check to see that the glass does not collect moisture.



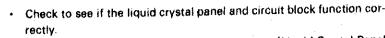
(1) Check for dust, lint and other contamination on the liquid crystal panel electrodes and connectors.



Uncontaminated ... Normal Proceed to Contaminated ... Defective Wipe off any foreign matter.

Procedure

Adjustment and repair



(Refer to "Relationship between the segments (Liquid Crystal Panel electrodes) and C-MOS-LSI output terminals" on page 9)

- (1) Checking the liquid crystal panel
 - 1. Set up the Volt-ohm-meter Range to be used: OHMS R \times 1 \sim R \times 1K

Note:

BLOCK

CIRCUIT

AND

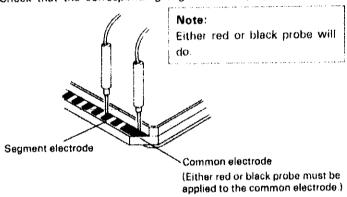
PANEL

CRYSTAL

CIODID

Any range will do if more than 3V is applied to the terminal of the Volt-ohm-meter. In some Volt-ohm-meters, a voltage of more than 3V cannot be applied to the terminal. In this case, all segments are not displayed. Use a higher resistance range (R × 1.0K).

- 2. Remove the exalt crystal panel from the module and turn it to the reverse side.
- 3. Check that the corresponding segment is displayed.



Not displayed .. Defective Replace the liquid crystal pan-

Displayed ... Normal

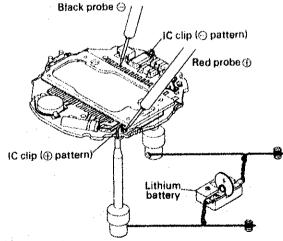
Proceed to F

(2) Checking the circuit block output

- 1. Set up the Volt-ohm-meter. Range to be used ... DC3V
- 2. Set up the circuit block.
 - 1) Disassemble the module and remove the circuit block.
 - 2) Supply power to the circuit block by connecting the power supplier as shown in the illustration below. At this time, the watch is sometimes in the alarm mode. Connect the speaker lead terminal and

 pattern, then system reset terminal and

 pattern.



3) Checking

Red probe: Black probe:

Circuit block
 terminal C-MOS-LSI output terminal

(If a segment is defective, connect the black probe to the corresponding electrode.)

0.8V or more ... Normal (The voltage at all terminals should be more than 0.8V) Return to E. Less than 0.8V ...

Defective Replace the circuit block.

	Procedure	Adjustment and repair
CHECK ACCURACY	 Measureing mode Set the watch in the pattern segment mode. Any measuring gate of the Quartz tester can be used. Adjust the level. Measure the accuracy. 	Does not loss or gain Normal Loses or gains Defective Adjust the time accuracy by trimming the trimmer condenser.
CHECK FUNCTIONING	Check that the time mode and calendar mode are changed correctly. Check the functioning for each digit in the time and calendar modes and confirm that the digit is advanced correctly.	Functions correctly and can be adjusted Normal Wear the watch on the wrist to check time accuracy. Does not function correctly or cannot to be adjusted Defective Replace the circuit block with a new one.
CHECK THE CONDUCTIVITY OF SWITCH	Confirm that the four portions of the switch spring come in contact with the circuit block lead terminals. Depress Circuit block Switch component of circuit pressure plate Check all four switch portions.	Functions correctly: Normal Does not function correctly: Defective Correct the switch spring with tweezers, or replace the switch spring with a new one.
CHECK	(2) Check for dust, lint and other contamination of the connection portions.	Uncontaminated Normal Contaminated Defective Wipe off any foreign matter.
CHECK BULB CONDITION	 (1) Check to see if there is a broken filament in the bulb. 1. Set up the Volt-ohm-meter. Range to be used: OHMS R × 1 2. Checking Apply two probes of the bulb leads as shown in the illustration. Bulb Either red or black probe will do. 	Bulb lights up Normal Bulb does not light Defective Replace the bulb with a new one.



FUNCTION

ALARM

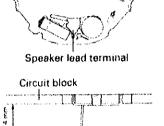
CHECK

4.4 mm.

(2) Check the contacting portion of the piezo electric element on the case back and speaker lead terminal and check the speaker lead terminal for contamination.

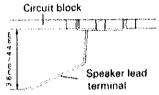


Piezo electric elemen

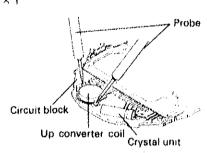


Circuit block

· The distance between the circuit block and top of speaker lead terminal should be 3.6 ~



- (3) Measure resistance of the up converter coil to check for a shortcircuit and a broken wire. Range to be used: OHMS R × 1
- Checking Attach the probes to the up converter coil terminals. Either red or black probe will



Uncontaminated ... Normal Contaminated ... Defective Wipe off any foreign matter.

Deformed ... Defective Correct with tweezers.

3.6 ~ 4.0 mm ... Normal Less than 3.6 mm or more than 4.4 mm ... Defective Correct with tweezers When expanding the speaker lead terminal, confirm that the speaker lead terminal comes in contact with the piezo electric element terminal.

 $20\Omega\sim35~\Omega$... Normal Less than 2017 (shortcircuit) ... Defective More than 300 (Broken wire) ... Defective Replace the circuit block with a new one.

- (1) Remove the module from the case.
- (2) Disassemble the module.
- (3) Wipe off any electrolyte from the circuit block.
 - 1. Wipe off the electrolyte with cloth moistened with alcohol. (Pay particular attention to the connecting portion.)
 - 2. Dry with warm air by using a dryer.

- · If the electrolyte leakage is excessive, replace the circuit block.
- · Use a lint-free cloth.
- (4) Clean other parts (circuit block cover, panel frame, battery connection \odot and reflecting mirror spacer) which have become contaminated with the electrolyte.
 - 1. Wipe off battery electrolyte on the otehr parts with a soft brush moistened with alcohol.
 - 2. Dry with warm air by using a dryer.

NOTE:

- . Do not clean the bulb which is installed in the reflecting mirror
- If the bulb or any other parts are damaged, replace it with a new
- (5) Reassemble the module. Replace the battery with a new one.
- (6) Check function and current consumption.

PARTS LIST

CAL. Y760A

Cal. Y760A			
PART NO.	PART NAME		
4001 622	Circuit block		
4225 622	Holding spring for battery		
4270 632	Battery connection		
4313 632	Connector		
4398 633	Liquid crystal panel frame		
4408 635	Reflecting mirror spacer		
4457 632	Circuit block cover		
4510 635	Liquid crystal panel		
4521 770	Reflecting mirror		
4530 649	Bulb		
Maxell CR2016 Matsushita BR2016	Lithium Battery		