## **BULOVA** WATCH COMPANY

# TECHNICAL BULLETIN

FOR BULOVA CALIBERS 11 ANAC - 11 ANACD - 11 ANACB **AUTOMATIC, AUTOMATIC CALENDAR AND AUTOMATIC DAY AND DATE WATCH MOVEMENTS** 

DIAL SIDE





TRAIN SIDE



Scale 1:1

### **Specifications**

#### Movement

111/2 Ligne, lever escapement

Diameter of the plate 25.60 mm

Unbreakable and self-lubricated mainspring

Total running time: 42 hours

Screwless beryllium balance

Compensating alloy hairspring

21,600 beats per hour

Adjustable stud holder

Kif Elastor shock-resistant device

Angle of Lift (Pallet contact): 510

#### Automatic mechanism

The oscillating weight, held down by a screw gib and made of antimagnetic alloy, is mounted on its axle located in the center of the movement and is free to swing in either direction. Whether the weight turns clockwise or counterclockwise, winding of the mainspring occurs. Mounted on the train bridge, named for this reason, «combined bridge», the automatic mechanism consists of the oscillating weight and its gear, two reversing gear units which transmit winding to the crown and ratchet wheels by the intermediary of a reverser converting wheel, a reduction gear and a driving gear for crown wheel. Each reversing gear unit consists of a reversing gear and a reversing gear pinion, the latter being held in position by a spring. Whichever way the weight turns, the reversing

gear meshes with the automatic train while the other slips. In any case, a fairly continuous self-winding action will

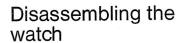
Should the watch be wound by stem and crown, the crown wheel will make the automatic train turn, but both reversing gear pinions will slip, therefore causing no interference with the automatic mechanism.

#### **DESIGNATION OF TYPES**

Caliber	Description			Height
11 ANAC	automatic, with center sv	veep-s <mark>econd</mark>		4.50 mm
11 ANACD	automatic, calendar with	center sweep-second		4.50 mm
11 ANACB	automatic, day and date	with center sweep-secor	nd	5.20 mm

## Characteristics 11 ANAC

- The oscillating weight arbor is soldered to the combined bridge. In the rare case that it might be necessary to replace it, a new combined bridge is required.
- The minute wheel spring has been riveted to the pillar plate in order to make sure that the watchmaker will not lose it or forget to replace it after servicing. It is, therefore, part of the pillar plate and not available separately.
- 3. Beryllium-made bushing for the top pivot of the sweep second wheel is fitted inside the bottom part of the oscillating weight arbor and for that reason oiling is done through the oscillating weight arbor with an appropriate oiler. Bulova recommend oiling this bushing from under the bridge, before setting the latter.



#### Uncasing

Excluding the one-piece, «monocoque» cases, the movement is normally held in the case by two casing clamps (191) and two casing screws (45C).

#### Removing the dial

After removing the hands and releasing the two lateral dial screws (47), the dial may be removed. The day star with dial disk (591) can be lifted up and after removing the three date indicator guard screws (577), the day and date mechanisms can be removed.

A dial rest (148) is used for day date watches (caliber 11 ANACB) having a flat dial.

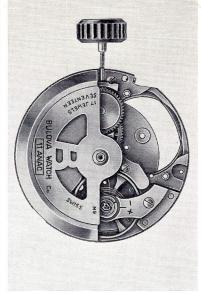
#### Checking the automatic gear

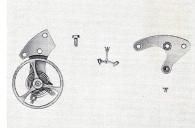
By moving the oscillating weight (344) in both directions, the transmission of the power from the oscillating weight (344) to the ratchet wheel (13) can be checked.

#### Removing the oscillating weight

The oscillating weight is held in place by a gib (343). To remove it, unscrew the gib screw (336) and remove the gib.







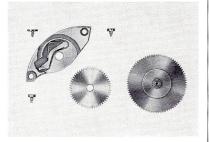


Figure 1
Removal of the balance wheel and pallet

Figure 2
Removal of the barrel

#### Releasing the mainspring

With the oscillating weight (344) removed, the mainspring can be released by simultaneously disengaging the ratchet click (32) from the ratchet wheel (13) and pressing with a pointed tool on one arm of the breguet spring (326) through the hole made in the upper bridge for automatic device (341). Turn the winding crown one quarter of a turn forward and then let the automatic train «run down» by turning the winding crown slowly backwards.

NOTE: Simultaneous disengaging of the ratchet click (32) from the ratchet wheel (13) and pressing on the breguet spring (326) can be done easily with one hand, using a tweezer sufficiently open to hold the ratchet click with one point and pressing on the breguet spring with the other.

#### Cleaning the escapement

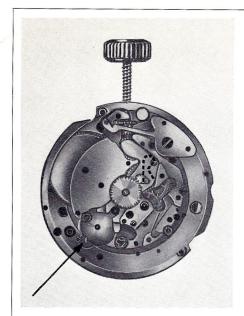
As shown in figure 1, the balance and pallet are readily removed without disassembling any other parts of the movement.

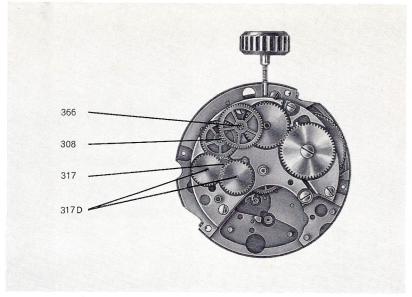
#### The mainspring barrel

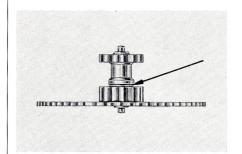
Figure 2 shows how easily the mainspring barrel (1S) is removed without disassembly of the self-winding mechanism. The mainspring arbor must make six full turns before the brake spring slips, which represents a total running time of over 40 hours. An unbreakable and life-time lubricated mainspring is used. Therefore, periodic cleaning of the barrel and mainspring is unnecessary.

#### RECOMMENDATION:

Do not dismantle the mainspring barrel. In case of difficulty, replace the barrel (1S) complete.







#### ♠ Figure 3

The minute wheel spring
The date indicator driving spring stop pin

#### ▲ Figure 4

The automatic gear train

#### ◆ Figure 5

Oiling of the cannon pinion of the large driving wheel

## Reassembling and oiling the watch

#### Dial side

- 2. The centre stud (106 C) requires no lubricant, for the cannon pinion (94 A) must turn freely on the stud.
- Lubricate the pivot of the minute wheel (8) and before setting the latter, make sure that the minute wheel spring, which is riveted in the pillar plate, is properly set, i. e. that it is pressing against the pivot of the minute wheel.
- 4. After setting the minute work cock (9) it is very important to check the endshake and the freedom of the cannon pinion (94 A) and to make sure that the minute wheel spring is pressing the minute wheel against the cannon pinion (94 A).

#### Train side

 Before installing the gear train, lubricate the cannon pinion of the large driving wheel (4 F) as shown in figure 5. When setting the hands, the cannon pinion slips on the wheel, that is why it is necessary to make sure that the friction (torque) between the cannon pinion and the wheel is correct. Neither too loose, nor too tight.

- Install the gear train, the breguet spring (326) if removed, and affix the combined bridge (226).
   NOTE: We recommend oiling the top pivot of the sweep second wheel (6 K) on the bushing fitted under the oscillating weight arbor BEFORE setting the bridge.
- 3. Install the mainspring barrel and its bridge.
- Lubricate gear train (if the top bushing for sweep second wheel has not been oiled before setting the bridge, lubricate through the oscillating weight arbor with an appropriate oiler).
- 5. Lubricate lower bearings of the automatic train.
- 6. Lubricate reversing gear stud.
- 7. Lubricate teeth of both reversing gears.
- Install automatic mechanism (as shown in figure 4) and lubricate upper pivots.

- Install, lubricate and adjust as necessary pallet and balance assemblies with bridges.
- 10. Affix the oscillating weight and lubricate its arbor and gib.

#### Checking the automatic winding

Wind up the mainspring six turns. Hold the movement or the watch in a vertical plane and turn it slowly round the axis of the hands. The oscillating weight will now wind up the mainspring and it should drop under its own weight without being carried over the top. Malfunction may be caused by excessive tension of the breguet spring (326) or by friction elsewhere.

## Checking the minute wheel spring

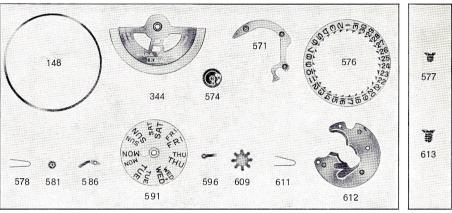
After affixing the dial and hands, it is recommended to check the functioning of the minute wheel spring by pushing forward the **minute hand** (clockwise) with the aid of a pegwood stick. Under the tension of the minute wheel spring, the minute hand must always come back to its original position. This is necessary in order to overcome normal back-lash in the hands caused by the cannon pinion turning freely on the center stud.

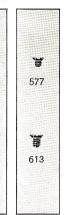
### 11 ANACD Additional or varying parts from 11 ANAC

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344		571	574	(0)	576	23 20 20	577
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	578	581		596			

Scale 1:1 Scale 3:1

11 ANACB Additional or varying parts from 11 ANAC





Scale 1:1 Scale 3:1

NOTE: There are several different types of dial rests (148) and date indicators (576) used for watches of 11 ANACB caliber. When ordering these parts, please mention the case reference engraved on the inside of the case back.

When ordering Day star with dial disk (591), please specify the language and colour desired.



Oscillating weight, mounted Date indicator guard

Date indicator driving wheel

Date indicator guard screw

Oscillating weight, mounted Date indicator guard

Intermediate date wheel

Date indicator

Date jumper

Dial rest

Date jumper spring

344 571 574

576

577 578

581

596

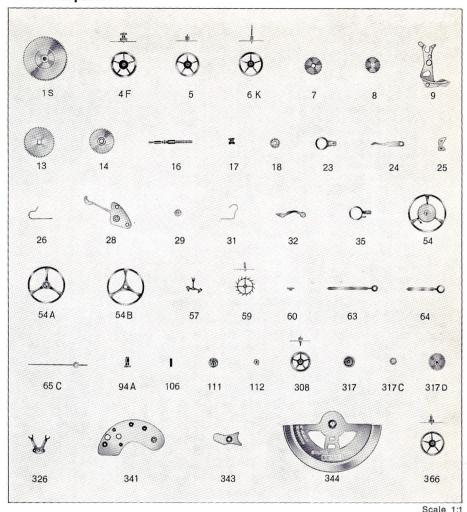
148

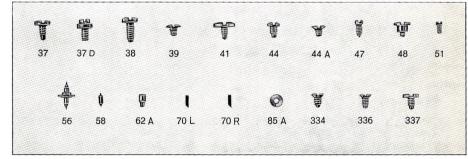
344 571

All information contained in this bulletin is based on the latest product information available at the time of printing. The right is reserved to make changes at any time without notice.

#### Parts Index 1.S Barrel complete 4.F Large driving wheel with cannon pinion 5 Third wheel 6.K Sweep second wheel Hour wheel 8 Minute wheel 9 Minute wheel bridge Ratchet wheel Crown wheel 13 14 Winding stem Clutch wheel 16 17 18 Winding pinion 23 24 25 26 28 29 31 32 Stud holder Clutch lever Setting lever Clutch lever spring Setting lever spring Setting wheel Ratchet click spring Ratchet click 35 Regulator 37 Bridge screw 37.D Combined bridge screw, special 38 Balance cock screw 39 Pallet bridge screw 41 Ratchet wheel screw Screw for setting lever spring Screw for minute wheel bridge 44 44.A 45.C Casing clamp screw 47 Dial screw 48 Setting lever screw 51 Hairspring stud screw Balance complete 54.A Balance with roller 54.B Balance 56 57 58 59 60 Balance staff Pallet fork complete Pallet arbor Escape wheel Roller Hairspring stud 62.A 63 Minute hand 64 Hour hand 65.C Sweep second hand Exit pallet jewel Entry pallet jewel 70.L 70.R Hairspring collet Cannon pinion without clam 85.A 94.A notch 106 Center pipe Upper block «KIF ELASTOR», 111 complete Lower block «KIF ELASTOR», 112 complete 129 Minute wheel spring \*\*

### 11 ANAC parts





Scale 3:1

308 Reduction gear
317 Connecting wheel for auxiliary reverser

317.C Reversing gear pinion 317.D Reversing gear 322 Oscillating weight axle \*\*

Balance bridge \*
Pallet bridge \*
Combined bridge \*

322 Oscillating weight axie \*\*
326 Breguet spring
334 Screw for upper bridge of auto-

Casing clamp

Pillar plate \*
Barrel bridge

matic device
336 Screw for screw gib

337 Breguet spring screw
341 Upper bridge for automatic device

343 Screw gib

191

201

203

212 216 226

344 Oscillating weight, mounted366 Driving gear for crown wheel

\* not illustrated

\*\* not available separately

arv

Oiling recommended	Moebius
1. Winding mechanism	8300
2. Setting wheel posts	8300
3. Minute wheel pivot	8300
4. Cannon pinion of the large	0000
driving wheel (94 A)	8030
5. Gear train	9010
6. Barrel arbor	8030
7. Post of connecting wheel for	•
auxiliary reverser (317)	8300
8. Crown wheel post	8300
<ol><li>Teeth of both reversing</li></ol>	
gears (317 C - 317 D)	8300
10. Automatic train	8030
11. Pallet stones	941
12. Balance wheel	9010
13. Oscillating weight arbor (322)	
and gib (343) 14. Post of intermediate date	8300
wheel (581)	8300
15. Post of date indicator driving	
wheel (574)	8300
16. Post of intermediate day	0000
wheel (609)	8300
17. Date indicator driving stop pi	
(see fig. 3)	8030
18. Function of date jumper (596	8030
19. Function of day jumper (586)	8030
20. Day star (591)	8030
21. Pin of date indicator driving	
wheel (574)	8030

NOTE: The cannon pinion (94 A) turning on the center stud (106 C), the pivots of the pallet (57) and the pivoting posts of the day and date jumpers (586 and 596) require no lubrication.

# The day and date mechanism

#### Type

This movement is equipped with an «instant date change» mechanism, which means that the date indicator jumps instantly at midnight, while the day disk starts moving slowly at about 10 p. m., to change to the next day at approximately midnight.

#### Disassembling and reassembling

Because of the simplicity of the system, disassembly and reassembly of the day and date mechanism can be done without any difficulty. However, to set the day star with dial disk (591) when reassembling the day and date mechanisms, it is important, to eliminate damage of the finger of the date indicator driving wheel (574), to proceed as follows:

 Make sure that the finger of the date indicator driving wheel (574) does not interfere with the teeth of the inter-

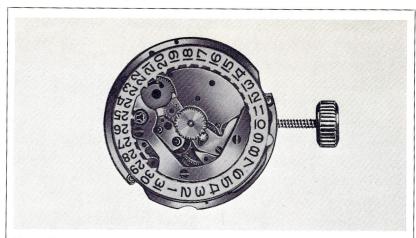


Figure 6
The calendar mechanism

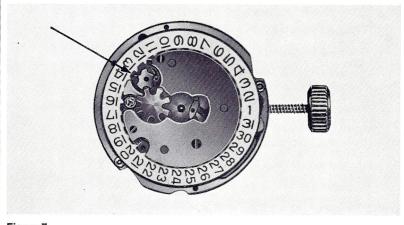


Figure 7
The day and date mechanism
The date indicator driving wheel finger

mediary day wheel (609) but is positioned on the other side, as shown in figure 7.

 Keep slight pressure on the day dial disk (591) and with the aid of a pointed tool, through the hole, pull the day jumper (586) backwards (against the stem) in order to set it between two teeth of the day star.

NOTE: Should the calendar jump two days instead of one, check and if necessary increase the tension of the date jumper spring (578).

### Checking the movement in the case

- After fitting the movement into the case, make certain the oscillating weight functions normally with no contact against the back of the case.
- By turning the winding crown, make sure that the day and date indicators jump correctly at approximately 12 o'clock (midnight).

#### Setting the day and date

- Set the day by turning the hands clockwise or counter-clockwise until the right day appears in the dial aperture.
- Set the date by moving the hands back and forth between 12 o'clock (midnight) and 8 o'clock until the desired date is reached. (Each time, the day will turn back and return again to the correct day).

NOTE: To advance the date without changing the day after months having less than 31 days, turn the hands backwards to 8 o'clock (20.00 hours) and then advance them again until the proper date of the following month appears.

Set the time by turning the hands forward to correct time.

NOTE: If the time of day is afternoon (p. m.) continue to turn hands past 12 o'clock noon before stopping at the correct time. This action assures proper day and date advance in relation to time-of-day hands.